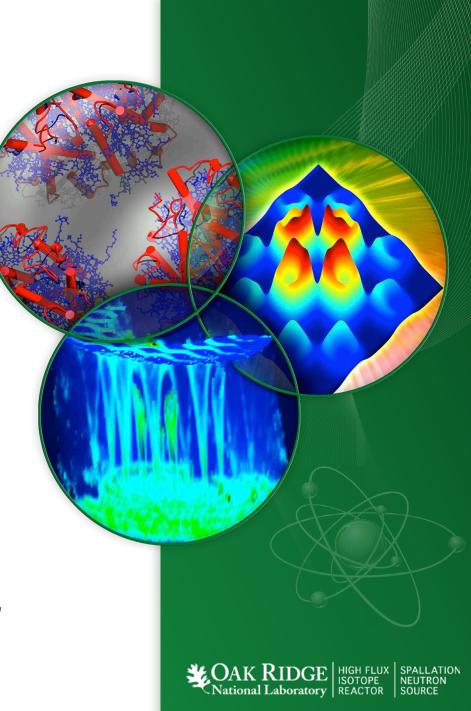
Spectroscopy of Quantum Matter under Extreme Pressures

Mark Lumsden

Dec. 10, 2015

Research sponsored by the Laboratory Directed Research and Development Program of Oak Ridge National Laboratory, managed by UT-Battelle, LLC, for the U. S. Department of Energy.

ORNL is managed by UT-Battelle for the US Department of Energy



Participating Staff

QCMD:

Mark Lumsden Andrew Christianson Travis Williams Antonio dos Santos Andrey Podlesnyak Liusuo Wu

CEMD:

Timmy Ramirez-Cuesta Luke Daemen Chris Tulk Sasha Kolesnikov Shanmin Wang

Reinhard Boehler



Goals of Project

Establish a world leading program at SNS for inelastic neutron scattering measurements under pressure:

Quantum Criticality (CNCS)

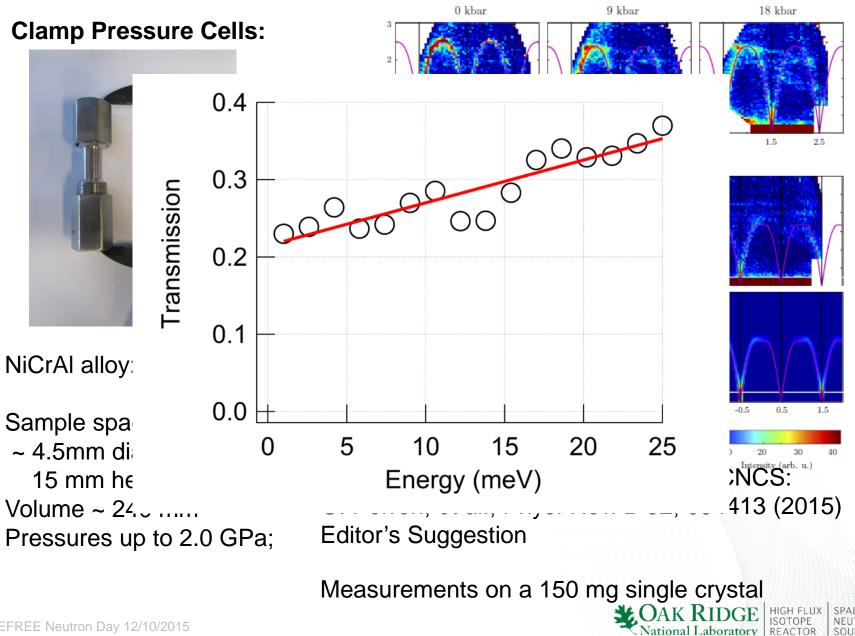
To provide a clearer understanding of quantum critical phenomena through the development of state of the art capabilities for INS at ultra-low temperatures (down to 150 mK) up to pressures of 3 GPa with sufficient sample volume for inelastic neutron scattering investigations. **Opportunity – CHESS at STS should have gain factors of ~200 when compared to CNCS**

Hydrogen containing materials (VISION)

Develop a program to study the dynamics of hydrogen containing materials under pressure. This will include development of new ultra-high pressure devices to compress 1-3 mm³ samples to several tens of GPa. **Opportunity – VISION outperforms similar instruments worldwide by large factor.**



Quantum criticality – CNCS capabilities



SOURCE

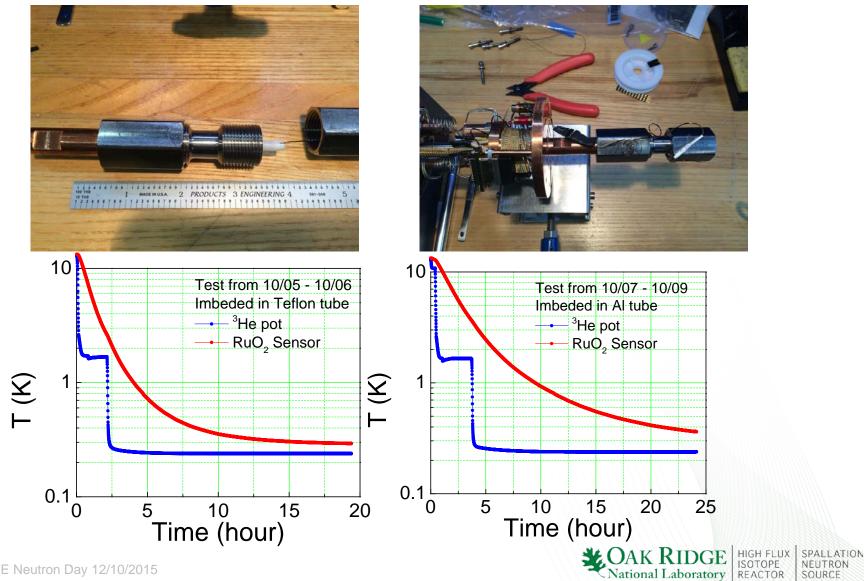
Quantum Criticality

- For many quantum critical systems, pressure is the ideal tuning parameter. Alternatives (typically doping) introduce complications
- <u>Technical challenge</u>: requires measurements at ~2 GPa for temperatures in the mK range
- Challenge is one of extreme P/T!
- Purchased a new, high capacity dilution fridge to enable measurements at << 1K
- Community interest is high highest rated proposal for CNCS this round called for 2 GPa, <300 mK + 5-8T magnetic field!!



Quantum Criticality

Initial test of clamp cell in ³He insert (tests with new dilution fridge are pending)



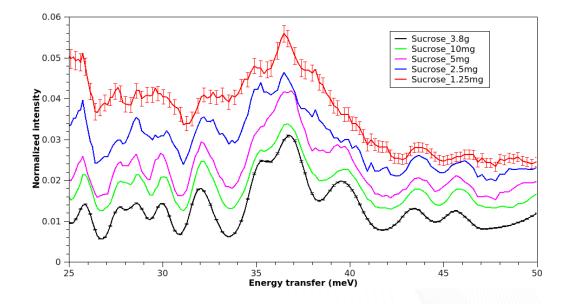
Hydrogen Containing Materials

VISION enables inelastic neutron scattering measurements on milligrams of sample

□ 1.25 mg of sucrose (table sugar)

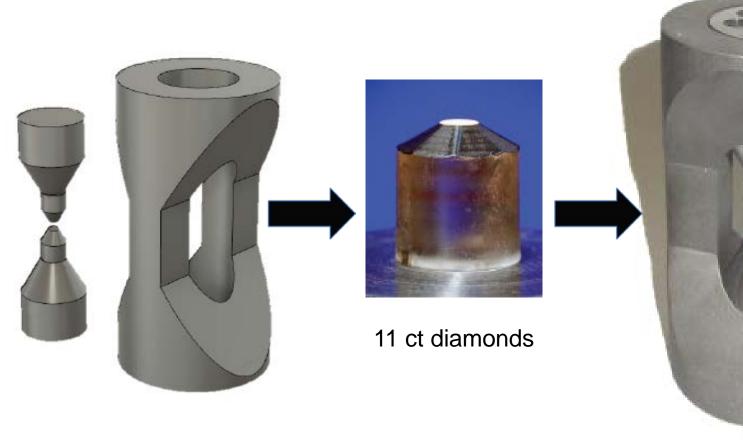


Sugar grains on Al foil (magnified, the total volume of the grains is about 0.8 mm³)





New VISION Diamond Anvil Cell

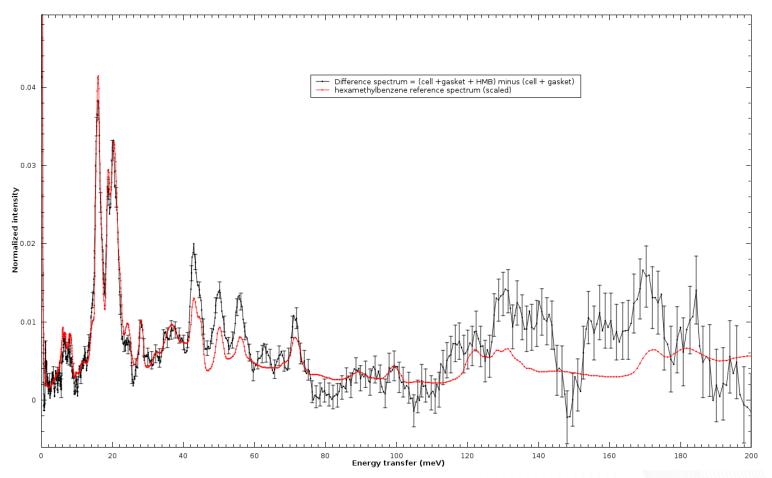


Sample volume ~1.5 mm³

CAK RIDGE National Laboratory

New VISION DAC – Initial Measurements

NBG_VIS_20971-20991_IPTS-13131_DAC_with_HMB_1.6mm3_B4C_funnel_Cd_shielding_diamonds_blocked_with_Cd_at_5K



Spectrum of hexamethylbenzene

Remaining Tasks

- Optimize shielding / collimation around cell (considering 3d printed collimators)
- Develop better cell centering / positioning for VISION
- Pressure testing of cell
- Iterate on cell design based on initial testing
- Build hydrogen gas loader (components have been purchased)



Ongoing

- High pressure sample environment steering committee (led by Antonio dos Santos) is developing a plan and strategy for various aspects of high pressure research at SNS and HFIR
- This includes gas pressure cells, clamp cells, PE cells, and DACs.
- High pressure elastic and inelastic neutron scattering will grow in importance with time and with the new capabilities at STS – this LDRD should lay the groundwork for this expanding capability

