

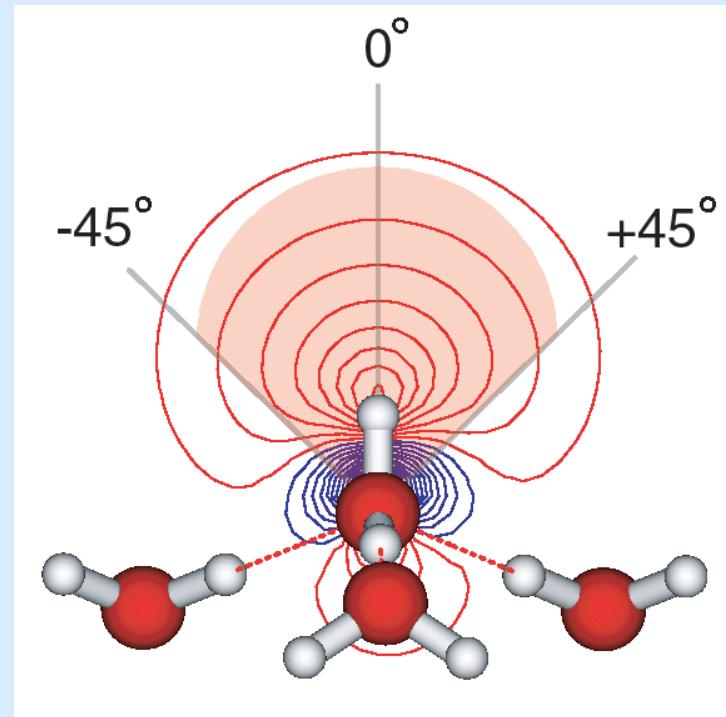
H_2O Under Pressure

Russell J. Hemley

*Geophysical Laboratory
Carnegie Institution of Washington
Washington, DC*

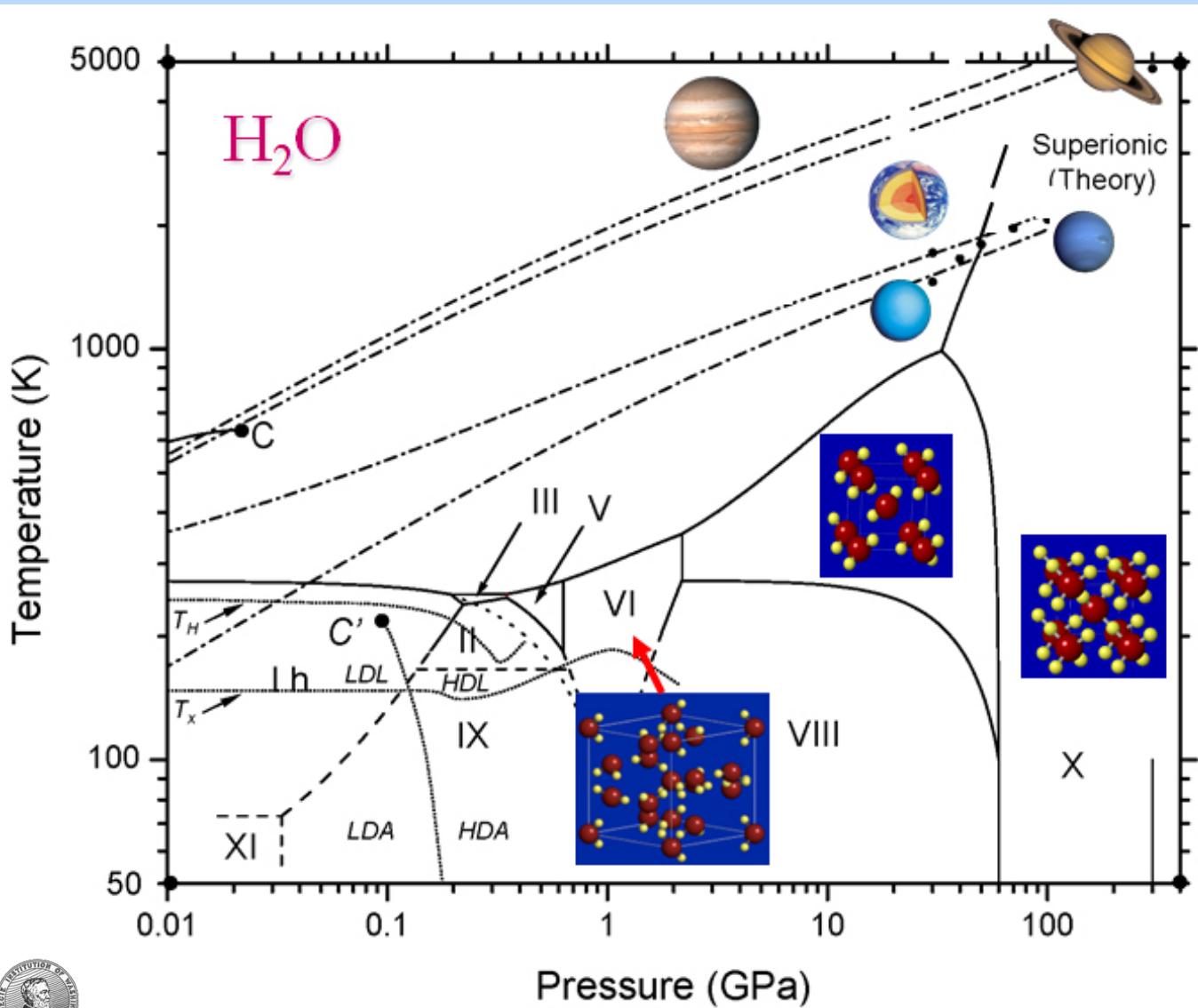


EFroC



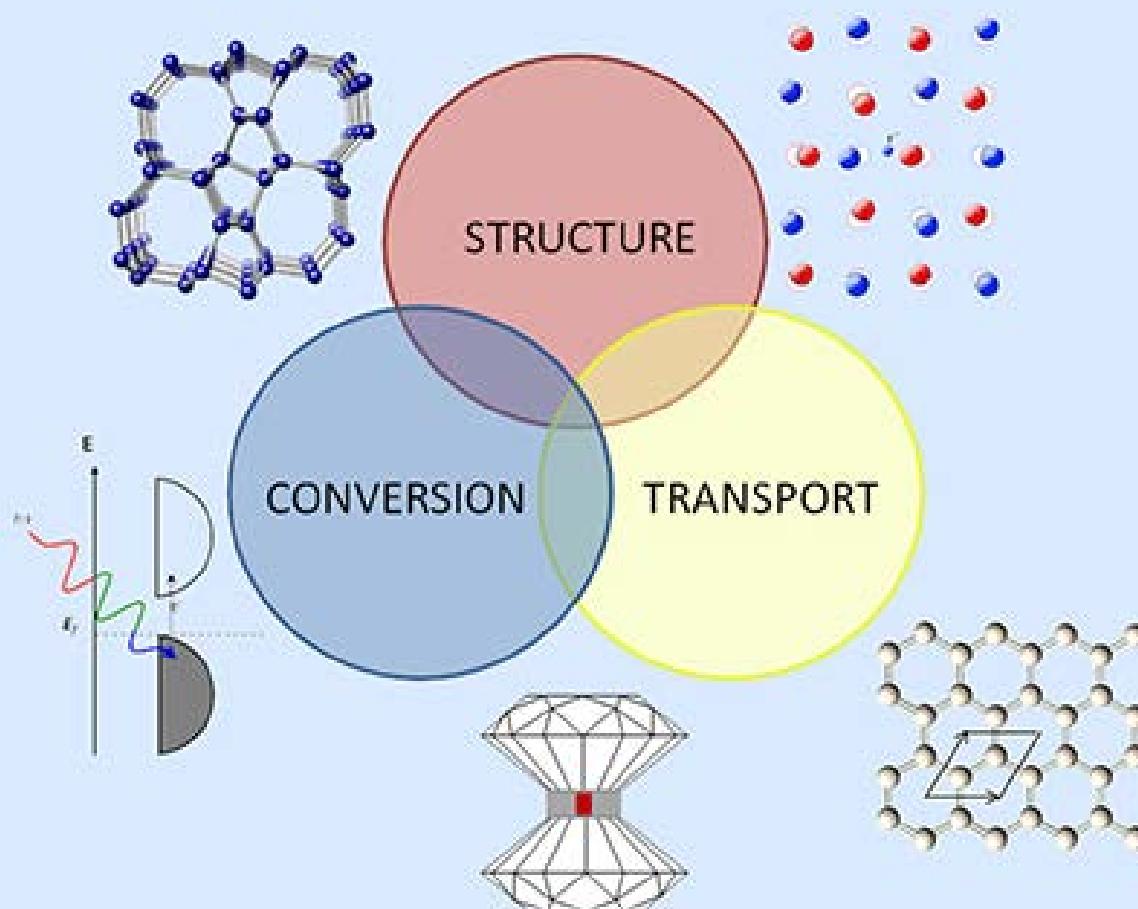
Workshop on Fundamental Challenges in our Understanding of the Physics and Chemistry of Water, January 16-17, 2015

High-pressure behavior of water continues to present new questions and surprises



- Origin of stability?
~20 stable and metastable phases
- Novel transitions?
 - non-molecular
 - amorphization
 - superionic
 - liquid/liquid trans
- High P - T fluid?
- Electronic prop.?
- New chemistry?
- Breakdown of H_2O ?
- Supporting life at extreme P - T ?

Mission: To accelerate the discovery and synthesis
of new energy materials using extreme conditions



Carnegie:

- Director: R. J. Hemley
- Assoc. Director: T. S. Strobel
- Admin. S. Gramsch, M. Phillips
- Carnegie Partners: R. Boehler, Fei, D. Kim, Z. Liu, H. K. Mao, V. Struzhkin, W. Yang

University Partners:

- Penn State: J. Badding, N. Alem, Crespi
- Cornell: R. Hoffmann, N. Ashcroft
- Colorado School Mines: C. Taylor
- Caltech: B. Fultz
- Lehigh: K. Landskron

DOE Facilities

- APS, ANL (X-ray)
- SNS, ORNL (Neutron)
- NSLS II, BNL (IR)



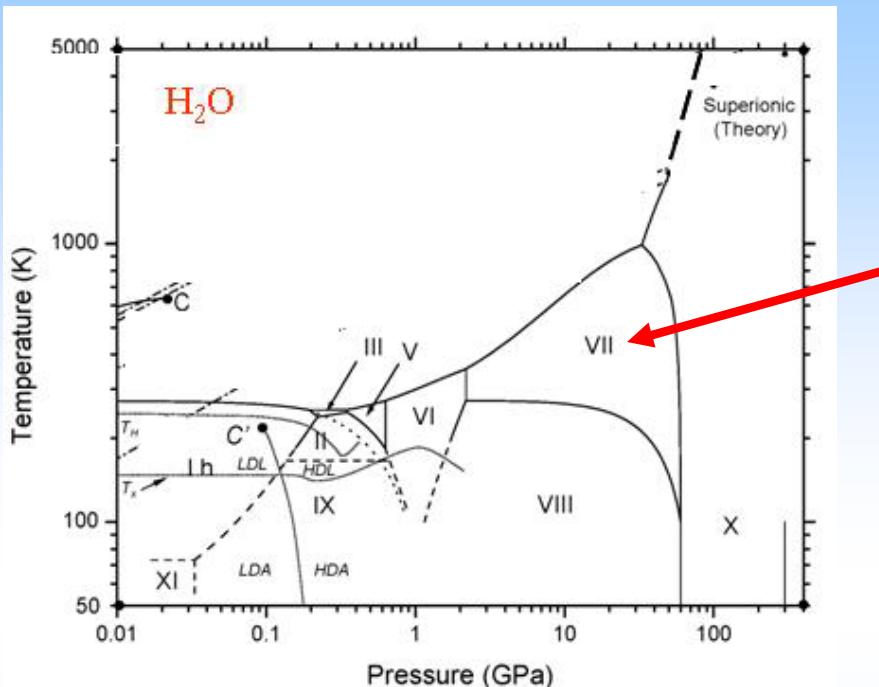
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY

Office of
Science



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Continuing puzzles in ice VII



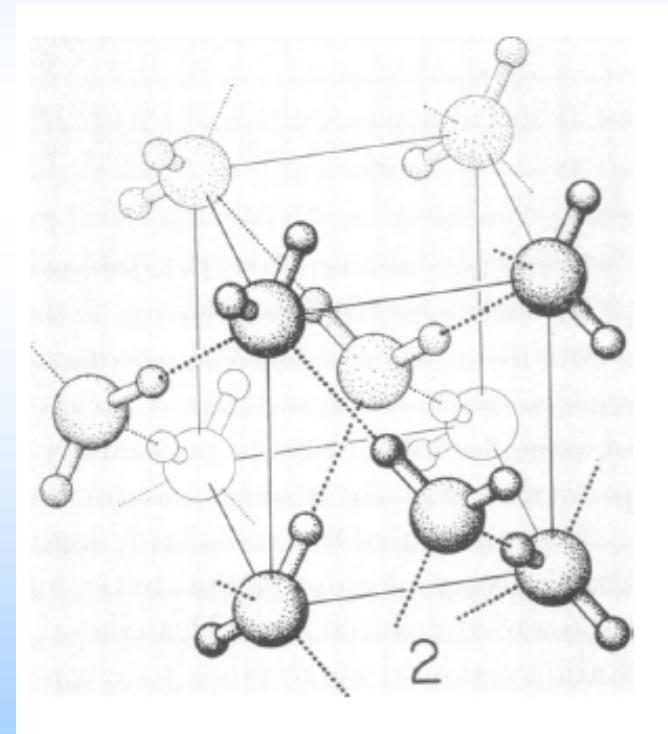
[Kamb & Davis, PNAS (1964)]

ICE VII, THE DENSEST FORM OF ICE*

BY BARCLAY KAMB AND BRIANT L. DAVIS

CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, PASADENA, AND
SOUTH DAKOTA SCHOOL OF MINES AND TECHNOLOGY, RAPID CITY

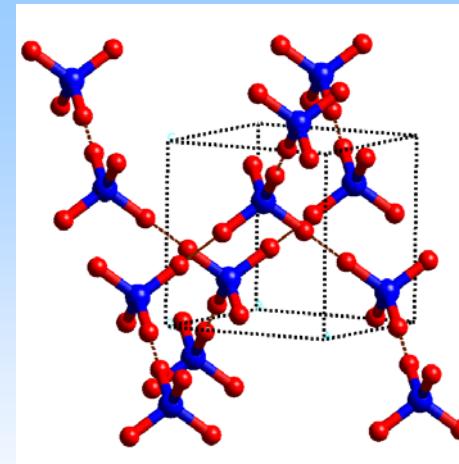
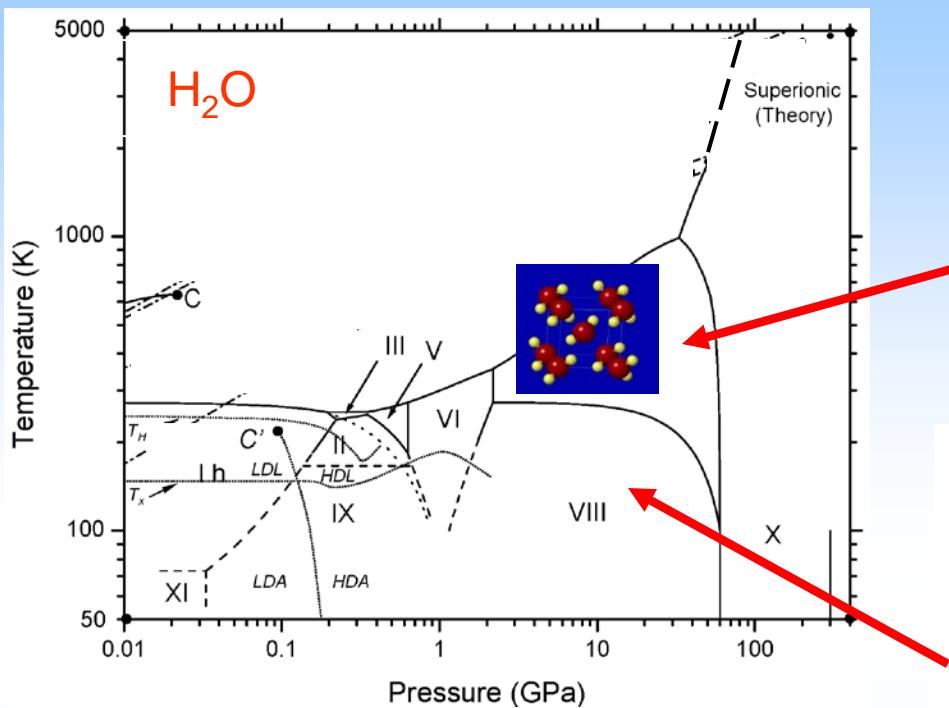
Communicated by Linus Pauling, October 19, 1964



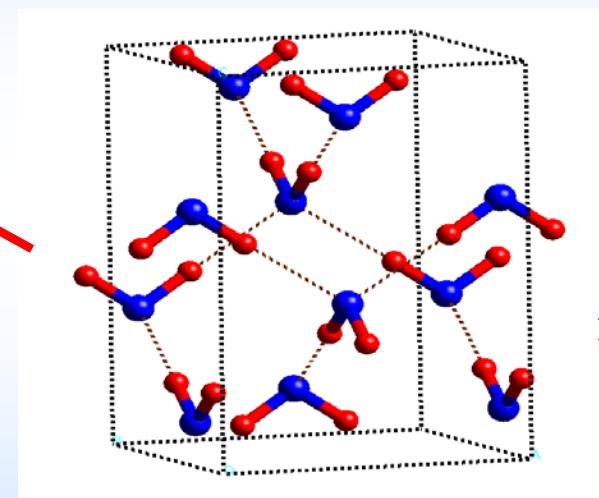
- O atoms lie on bcc lattice
- Two interpenetrating ice Ic lattices
- Retains tetrahedral motif seen in lower pressure ice phases
- Predicted H-bond symmetrization



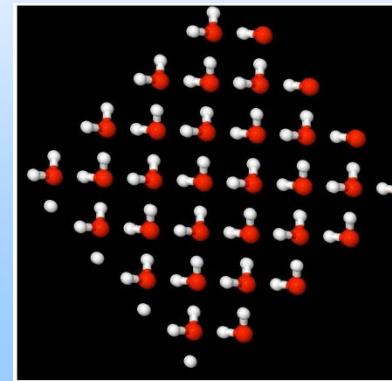
Continuing puzzles in ice VII



Ice VII
proton
disordered



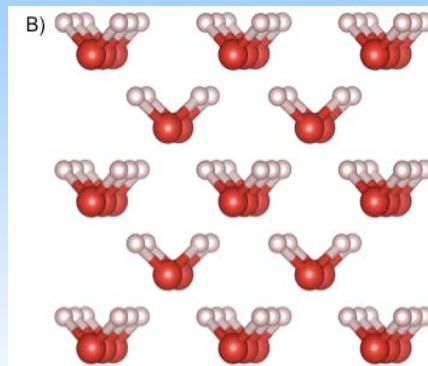
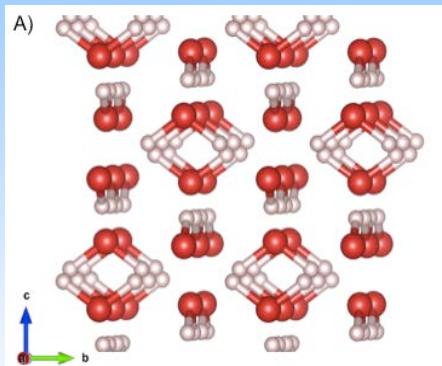
Ice VIII
anti-
ferroelectric



Hypothetical
polar ice VIII
(ferroelectric)

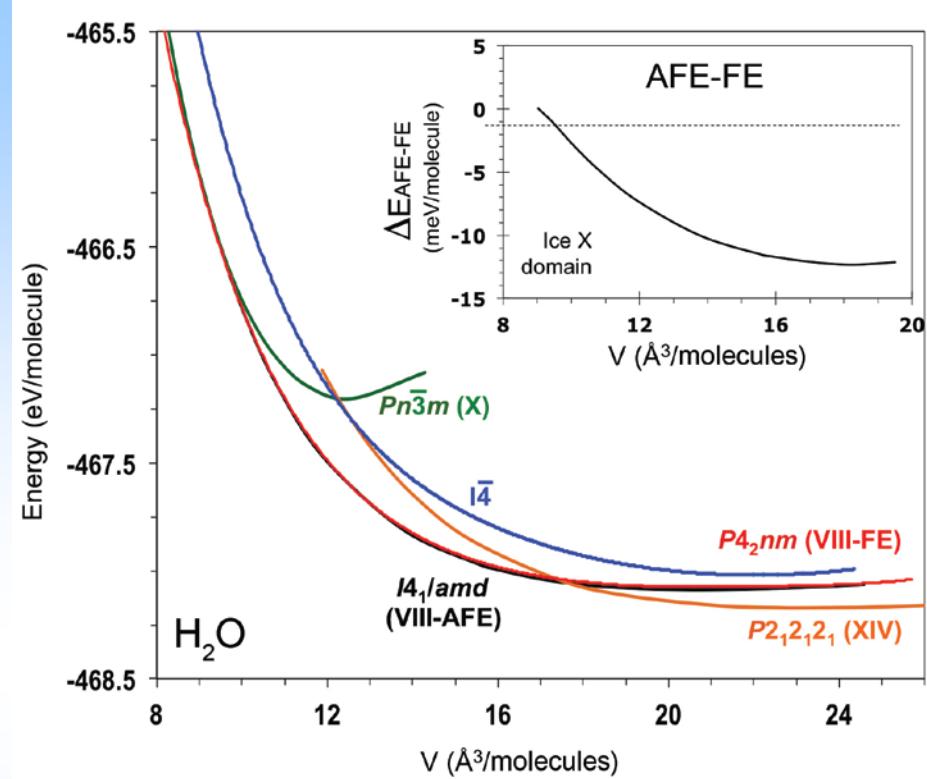
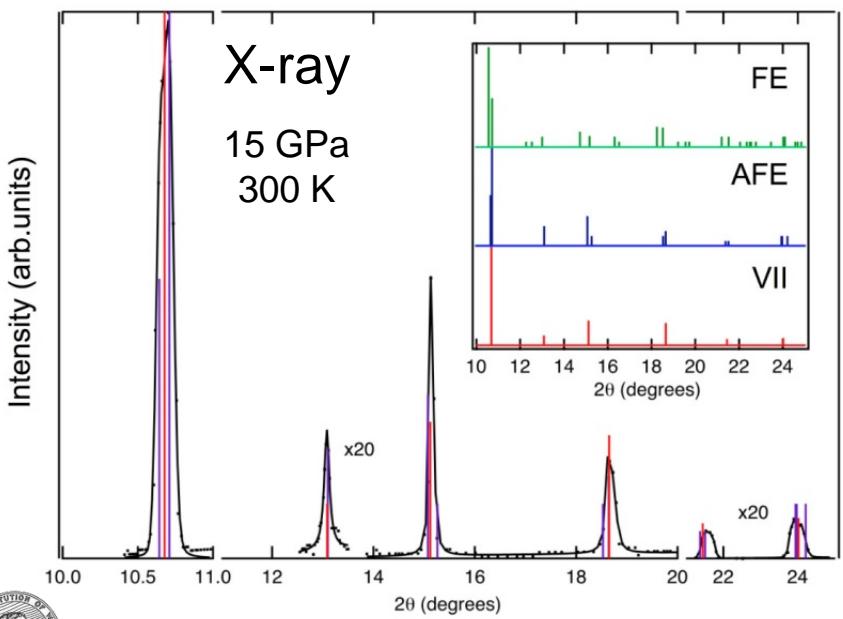
- **Nature of the proton ordering**
[Kuhs et al., *J. Chem. Phys.* (1984)]
- **Structural transitions observed in ice VII**
[Somayazulu et al. *J. Chem. Phys.* (2008)]
- **Is there a ferroelectric form?**
- **Higher P-T behavior?**

Ferroelectricity in dense H₂O



**Anti-Ferroelectric
(VIII-AFE)**

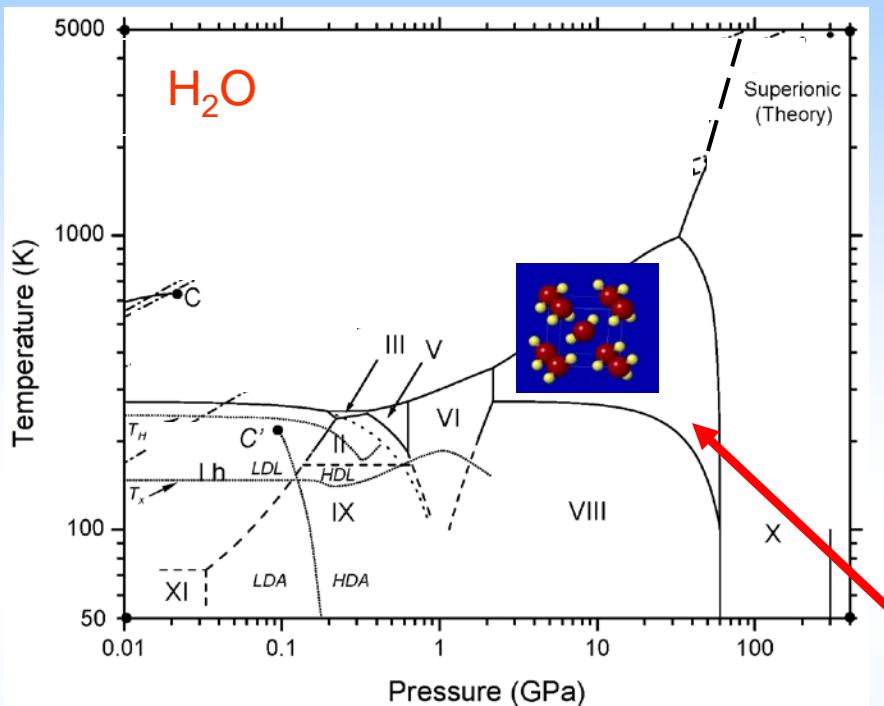
**Ferroelectric
(VIII-FE)**



- AFE-FE nearly degenerate
- Fit to x-ray data
- Mixed domains of FE and AFE
- Stabilized by pressure and epitaxial growth?

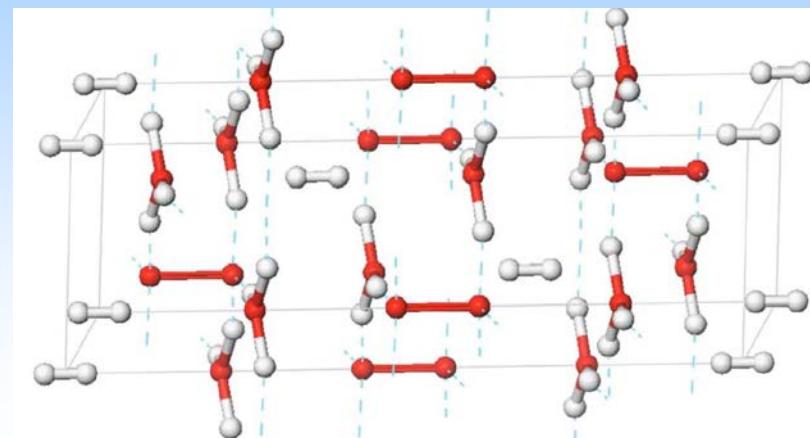


Water splitting in dense ice

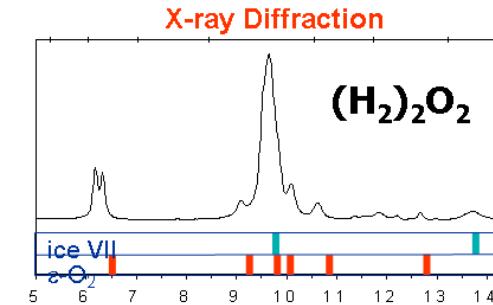


THEORY: ‘When is H₂O not water?’

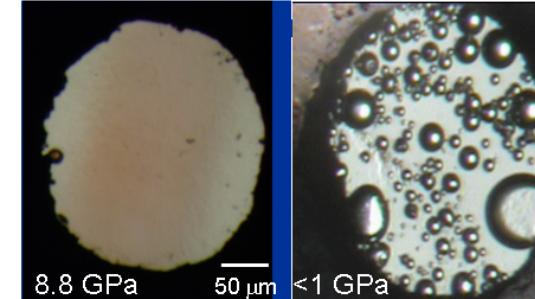
[Pickard & Needs, *J. Chem. Phys.* (2007)]



[W. Mao et al., *Science* (2006)]



X-ray-induced reaction

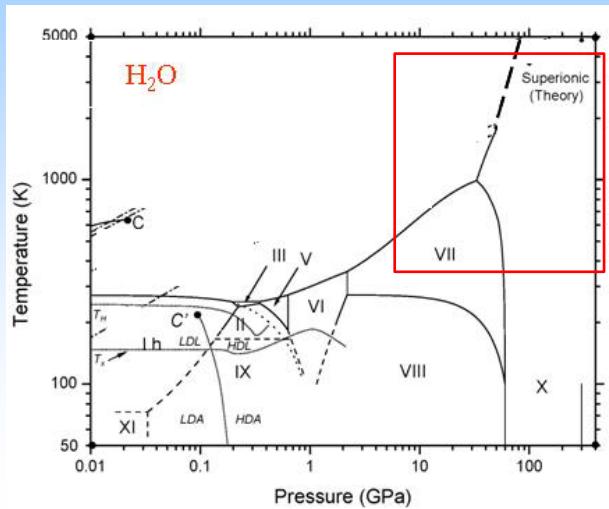


- Molecular alloy of H₂-O₂
- Metastable energetic material
- Similar results found for NH₃
[Lazor et al., to be published]
- Mechanism not understood

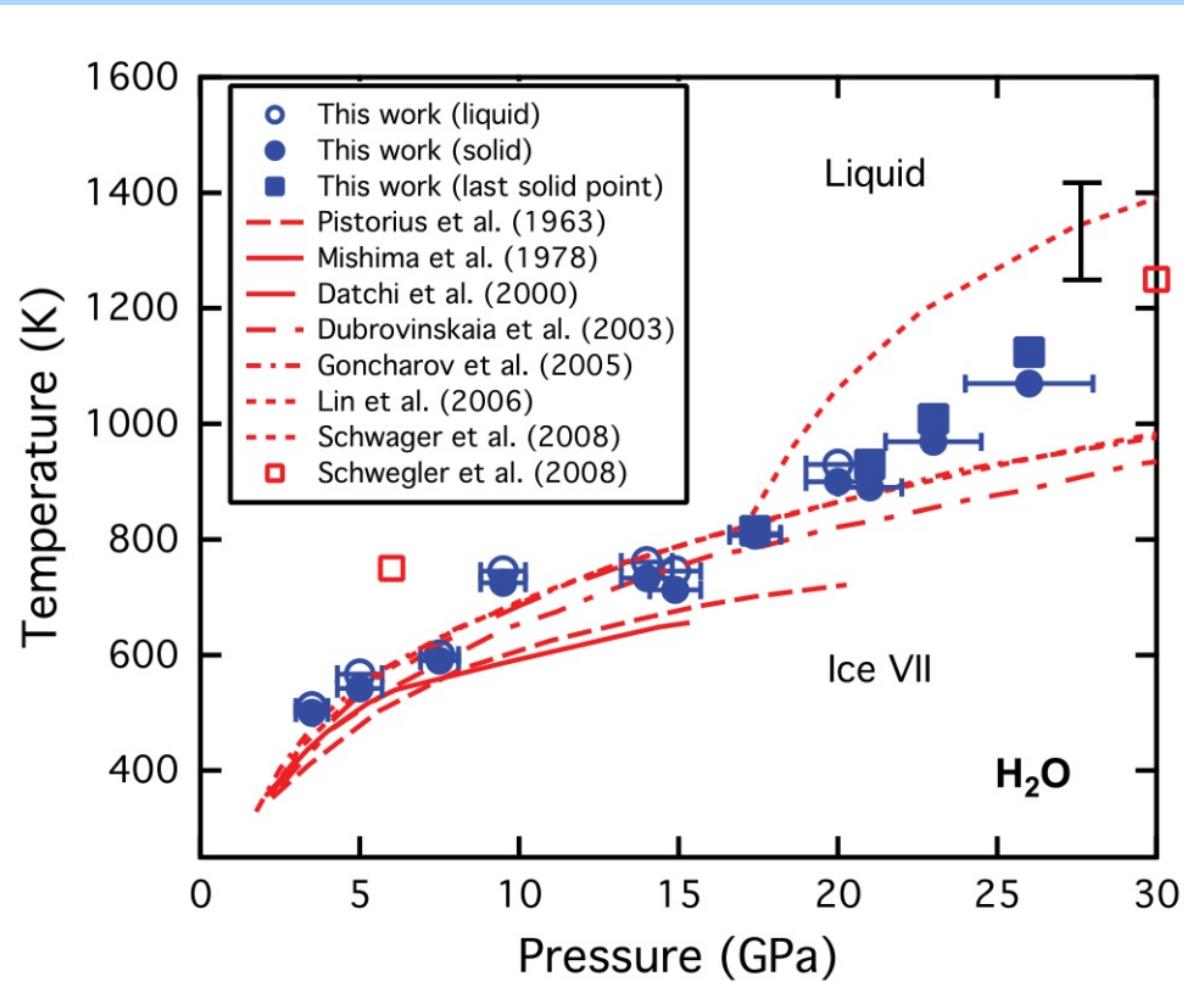
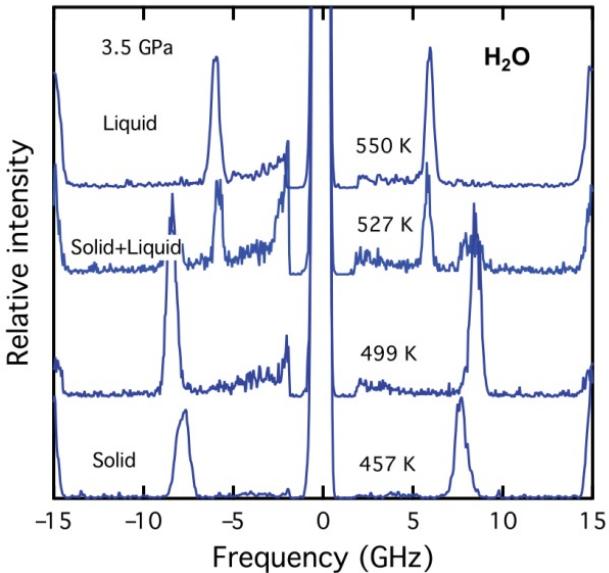


Improved measurement of high P - T melting

[Ahart et al., *High Pressure Res.* (2014)]



High P - T Brillouin Scattering



- Clear melting signature
- v_s (eos) for high P - T liquid
- High P-T relations, structures, dynamics?

Neutron scattering at extreme P - T conditions

- Underutilized (compare x-ray)
- Low-Z cross sections (e.g, D)
- Extensively used at low P - T
- Previous limit 27 GPa
[Guthrie, *Ph.D. thesis* (2002)]
- Transitions at higher pressure



SNAP: Spallation Neutrons at Pressure



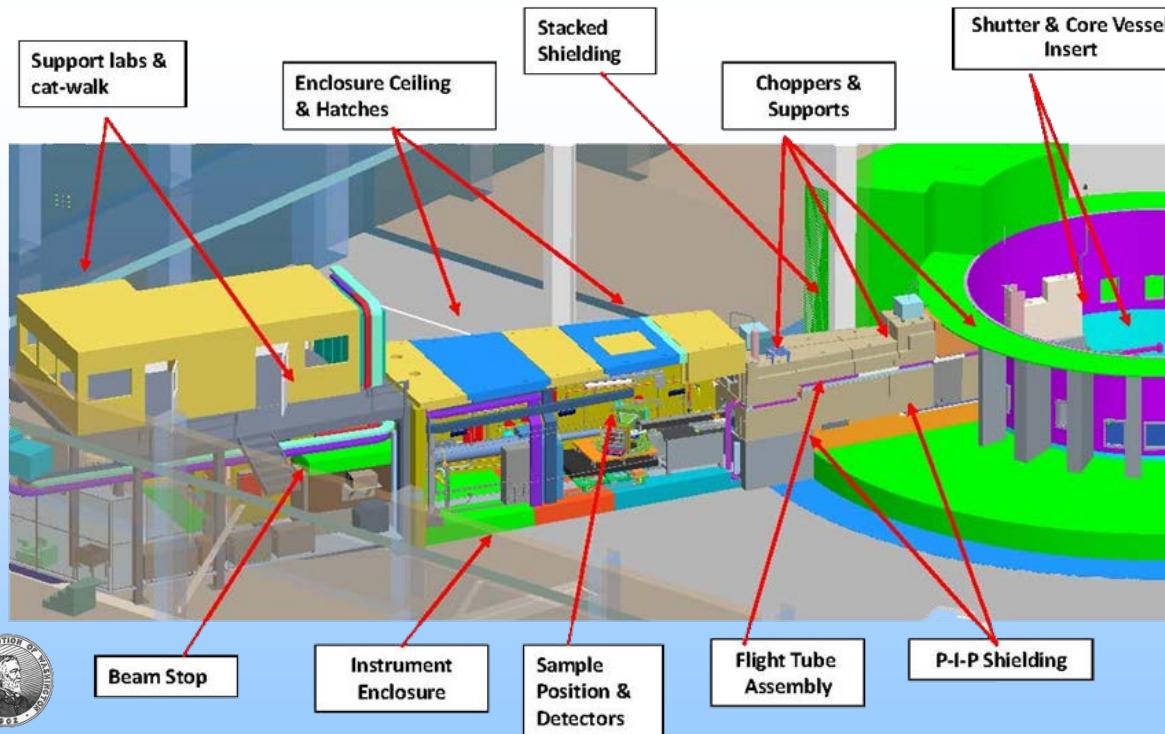
C. A. Tulk



A. M. dos Santos



J. Molaison



Spallation Neutron Source

SNAP's dedicated high pressure diffractometer, came online 2006

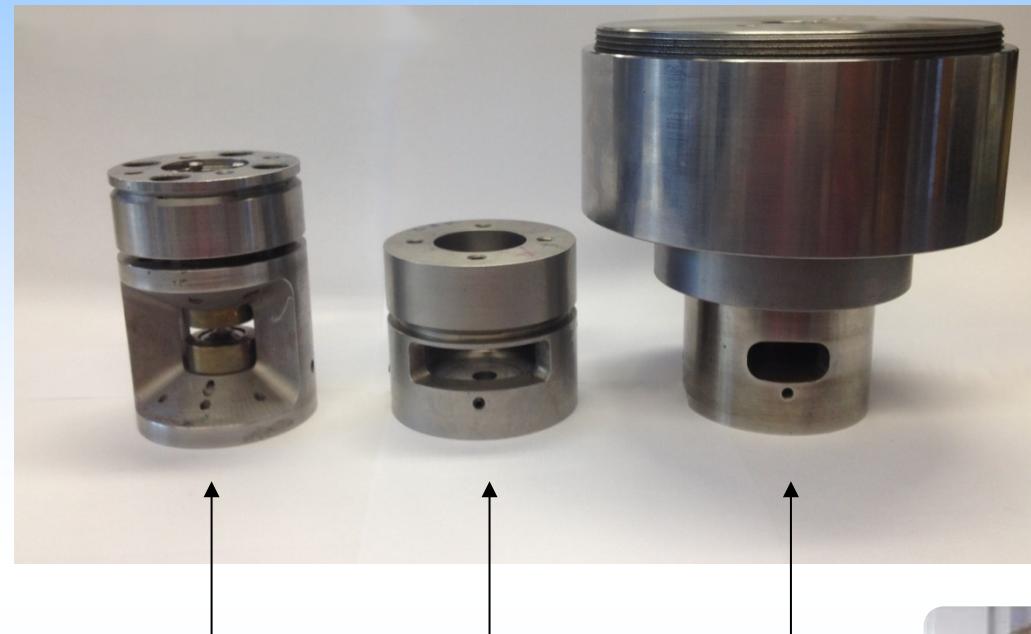
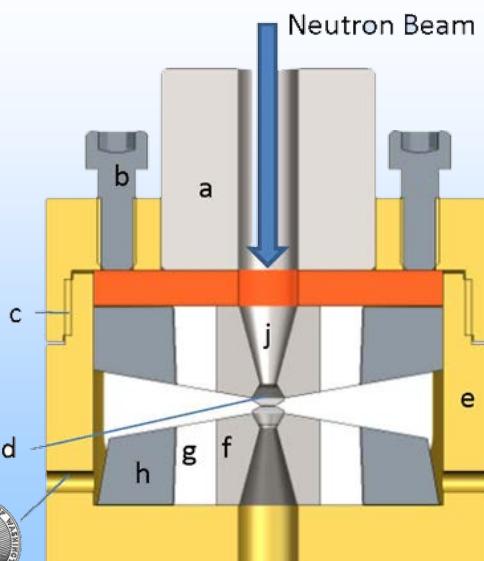
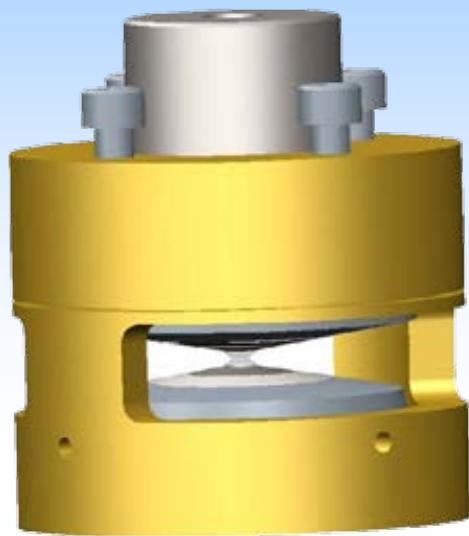
Highly versatile: can study single crystals, powders, liquids



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New cell designs of high-pressure neutron scattering

Enhancing sample volume



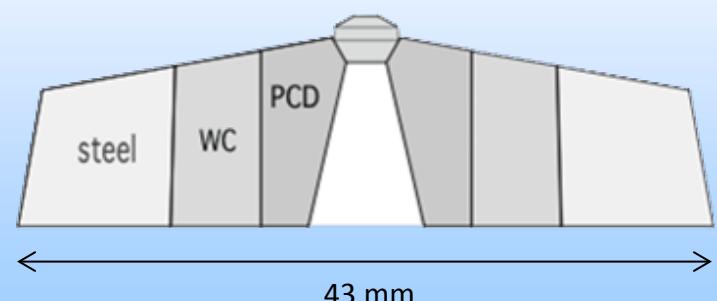
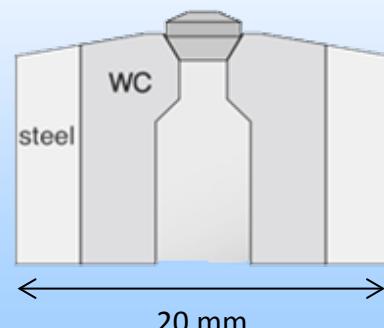
2008

2013

2014



R. Boehler

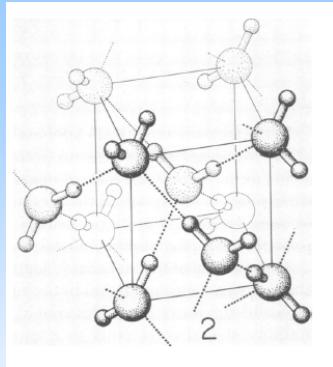
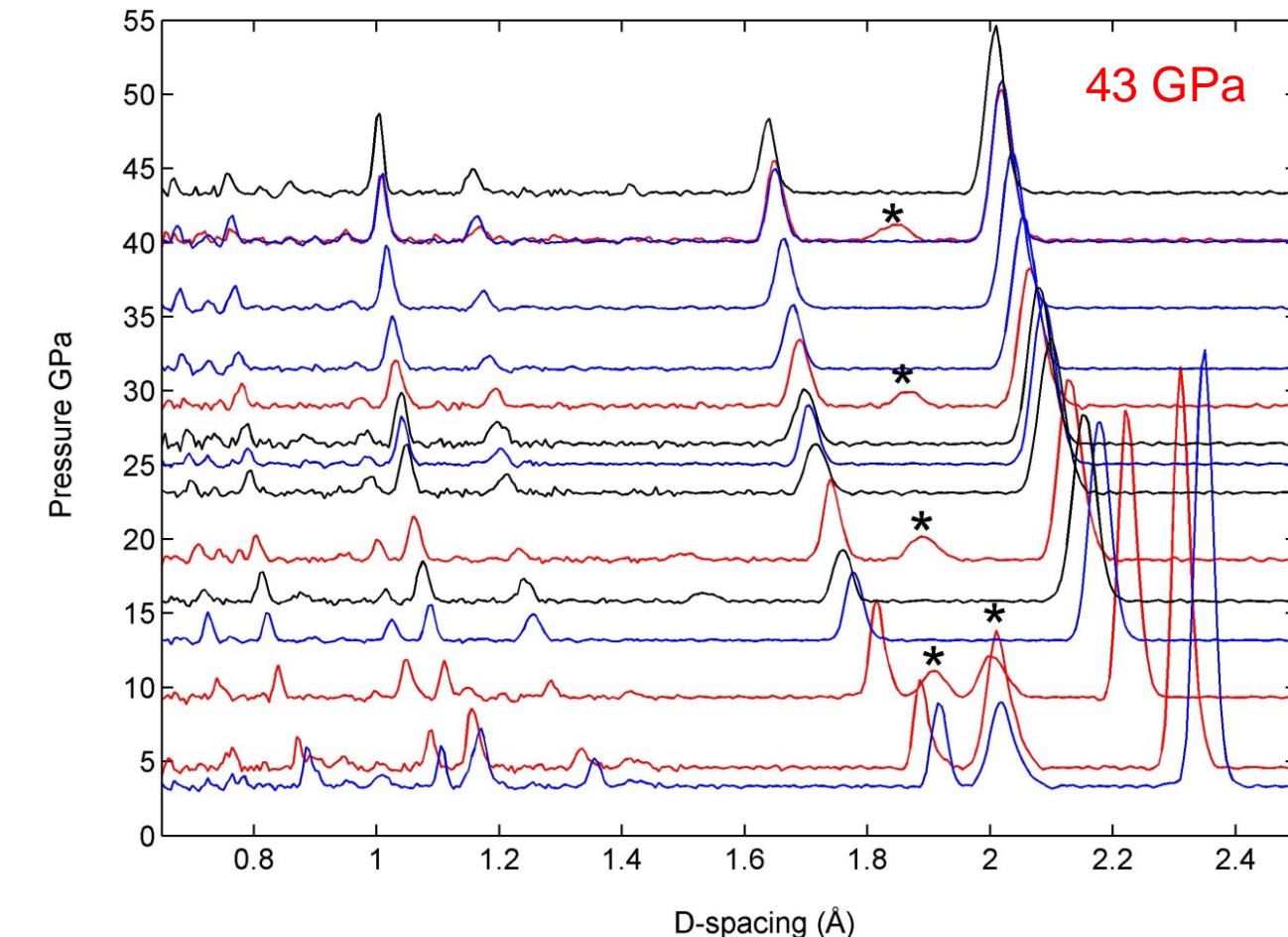


[Boehler et al., *High Pressure Res.* (2013)]



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Neutron diffraction of ice VII (300 K)



0.05 mm³
D₂O ice VII
(6 hour
datasets)

~50 ug
sample!

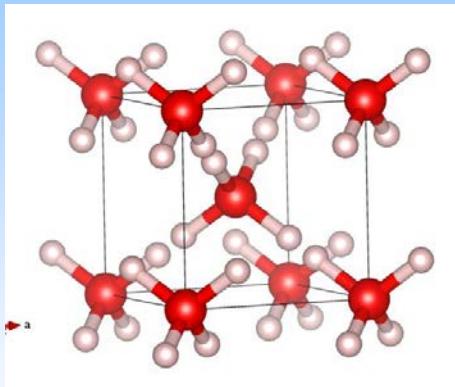
5.3 GPa

- Excellent S/N to 50 GPa
- Shifts in positions and intensities

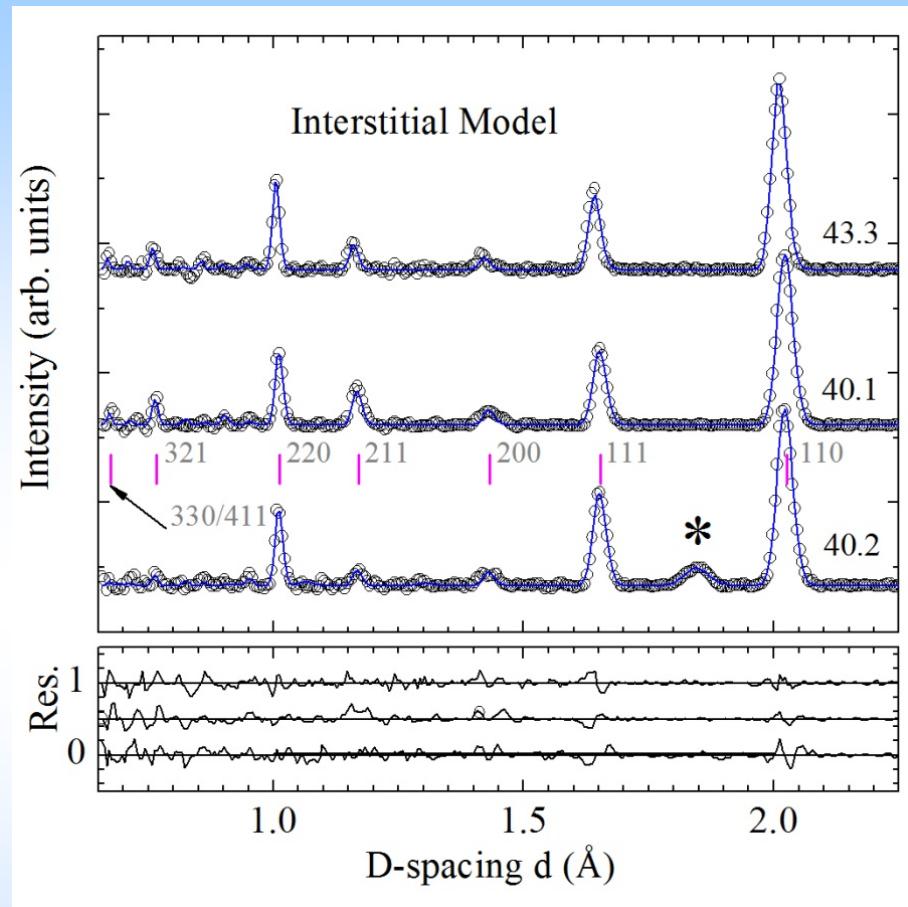
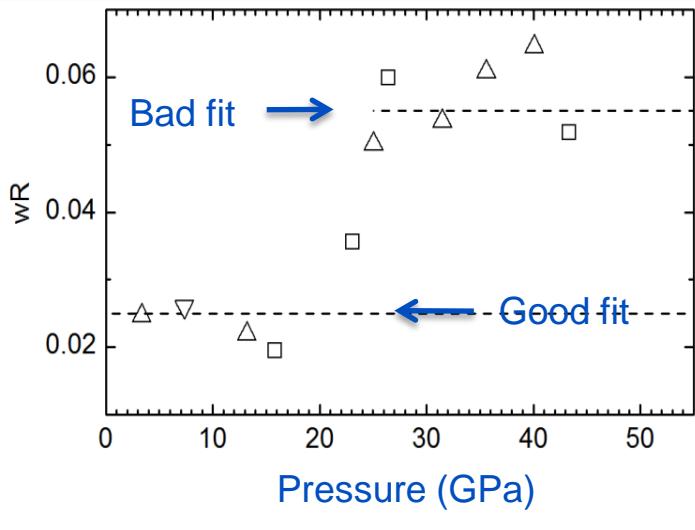
[Guthrie et al., PNAS (2013)]



Failure of the conventional model for ‘proton centering’

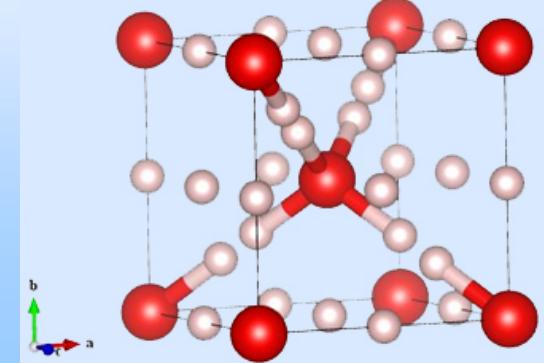


- Rietveld refinement
- Low pressure data agree well with previous work
- Abrupt reduction in quality of fit above 25

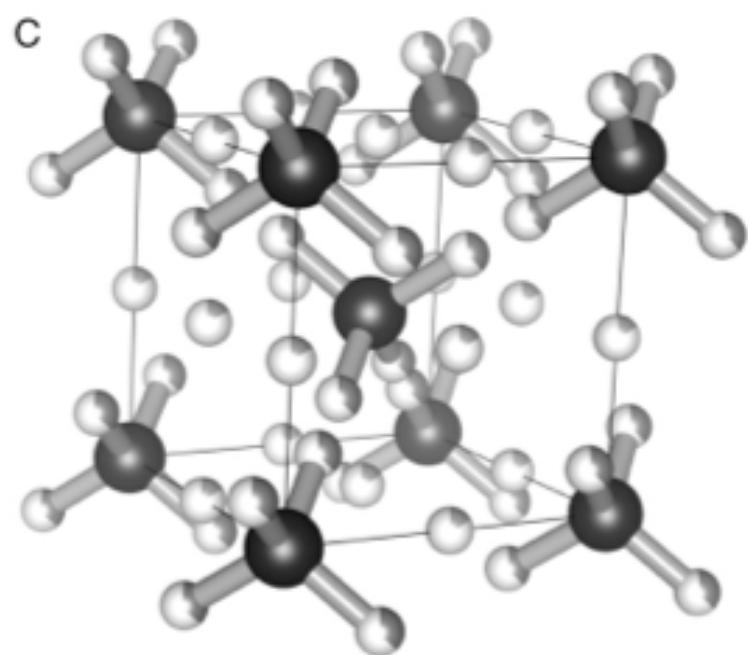
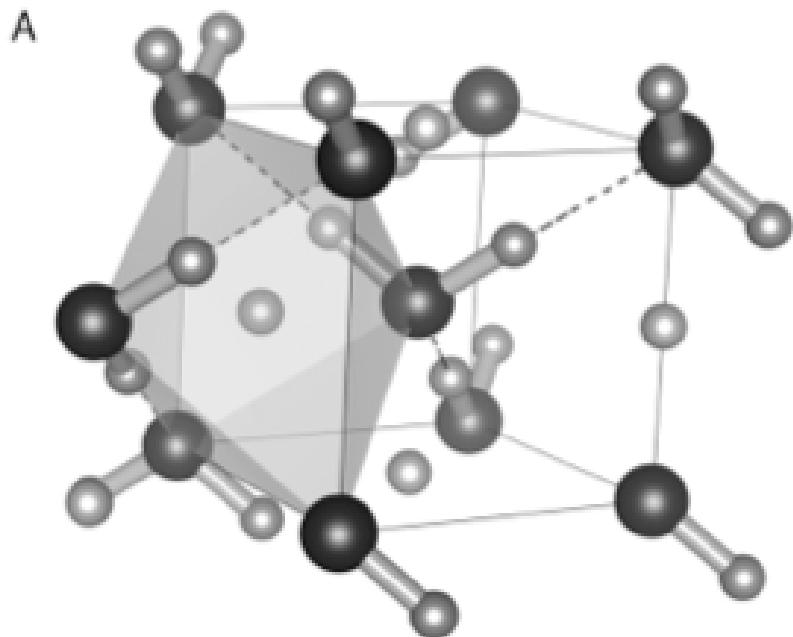


Observed intensities consistent with scattering density in the octahedral voids of O lattice

[Guthrie et al., PNAS (2013)]



Interstitial protons in ice VII above 30 GPa (300 K)



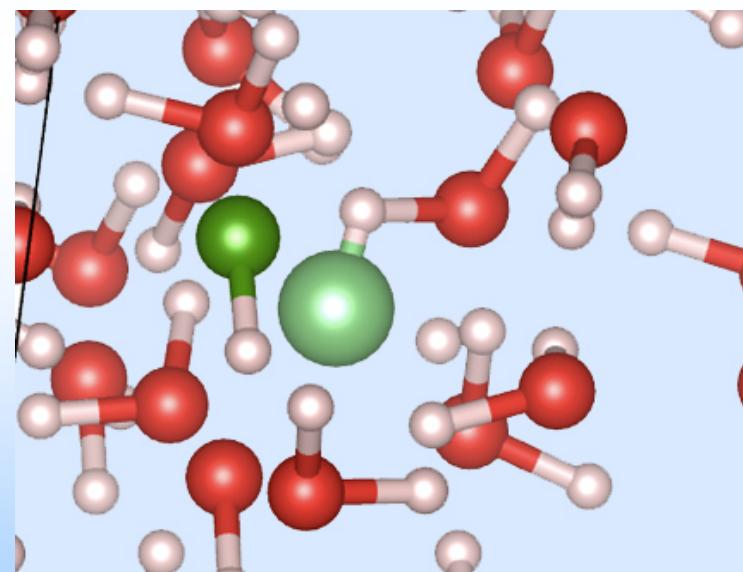
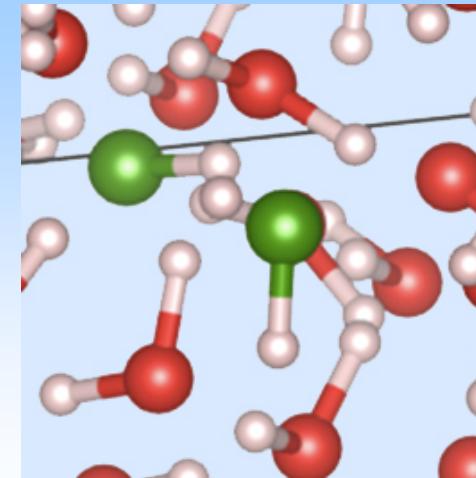
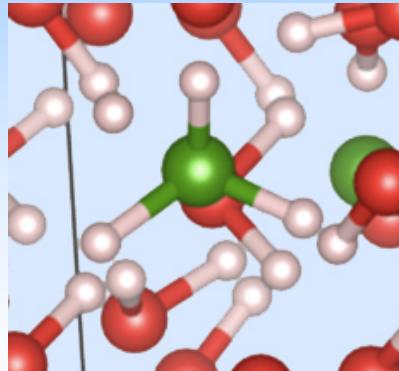
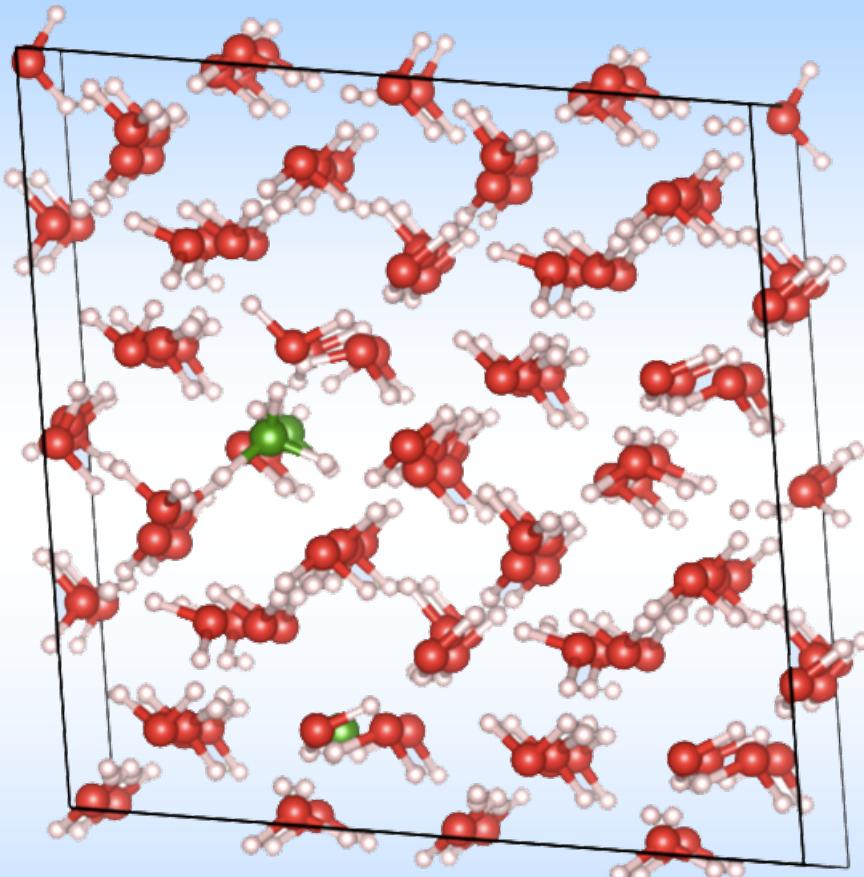
[Guthrie *et al.* PNAS (2013)]

- Not reproduced by DFT calculations (classical nuclei)
- Quantum diffusion? (path integrals?)
- Improved theory or other models?



Partial dissociation to form additional defects

MD DFT-GGA (50 GPa, 300 K)

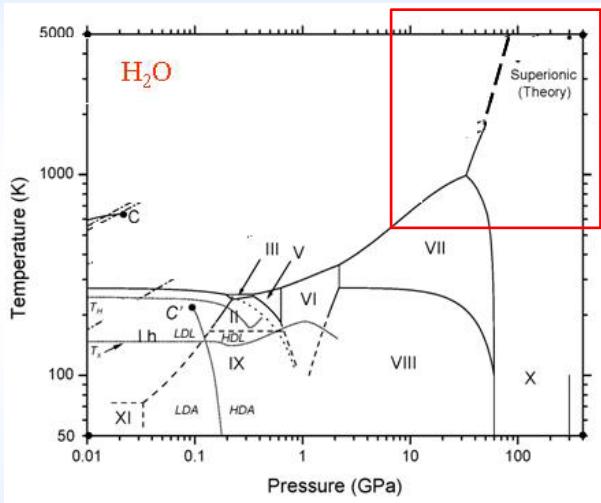


- Partial breakdown of H₂O
- H₃O...OH defects
- H-H-O-H molecules

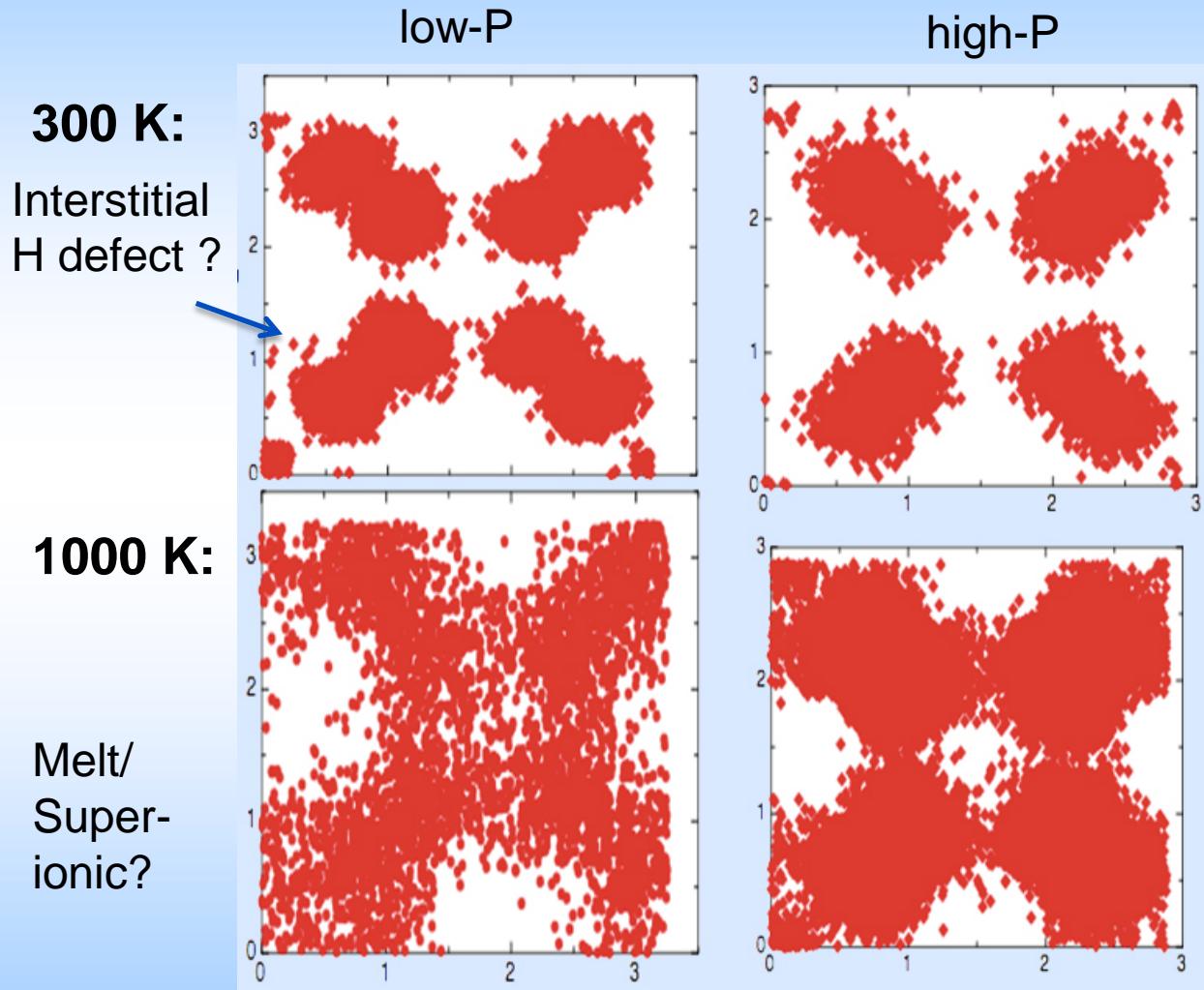
[Caracas et al. *in preparation*]

Interstitial protons and superionicity

(Meta)stability of interstitial H defects at high temperatures

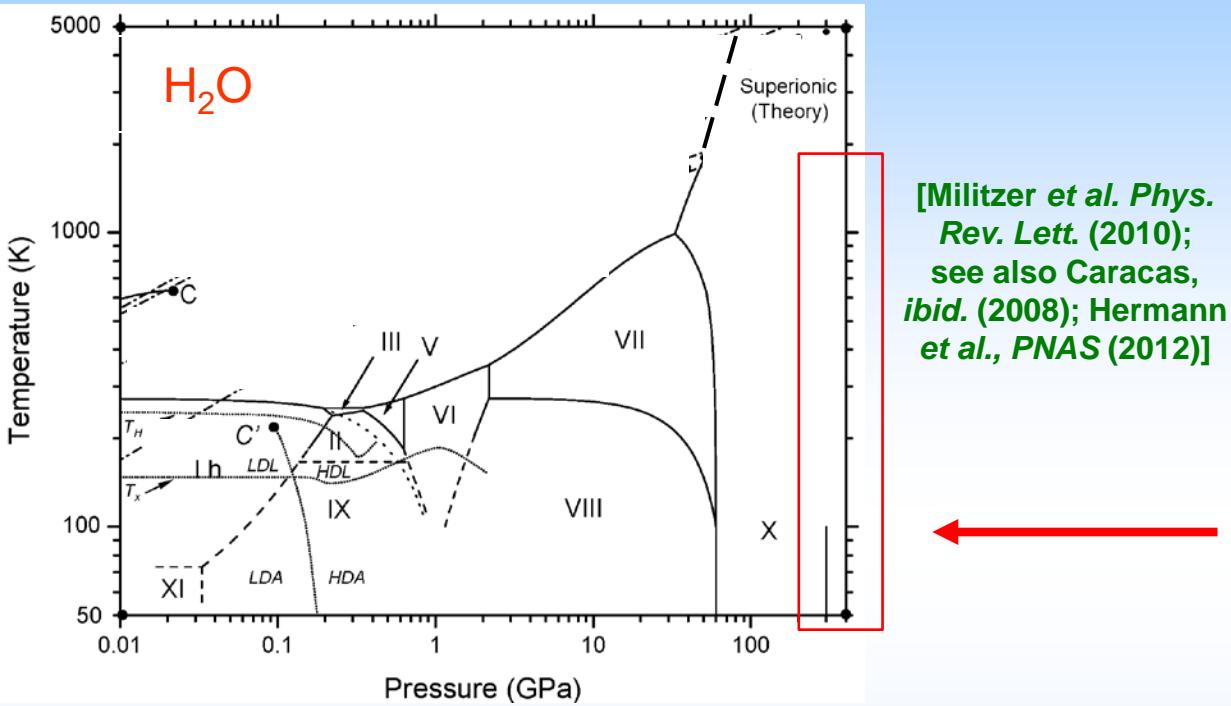


**Need confirmation
by neutron scattering**

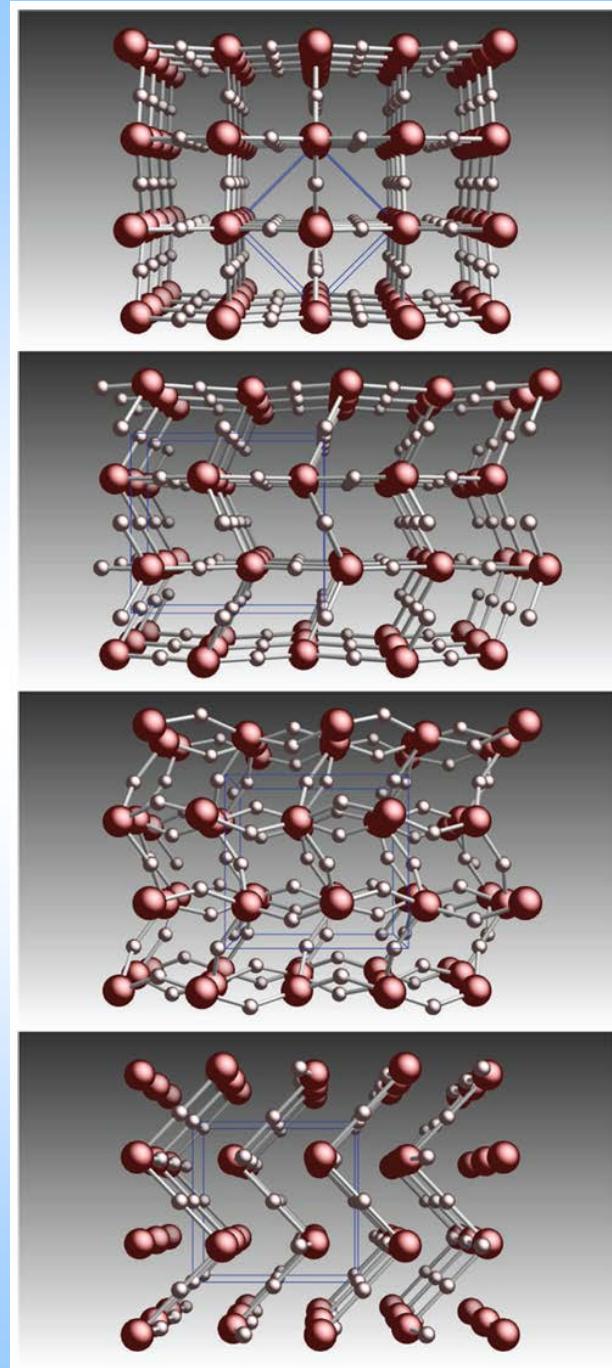
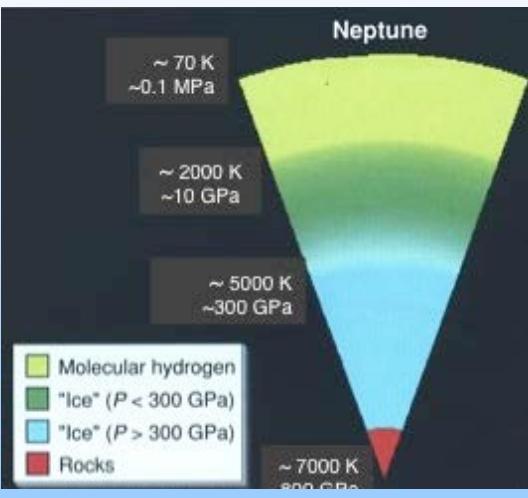


MD DFT-GGA (50 GPa, 300 K)
[Caracas et al. *in preparation*]

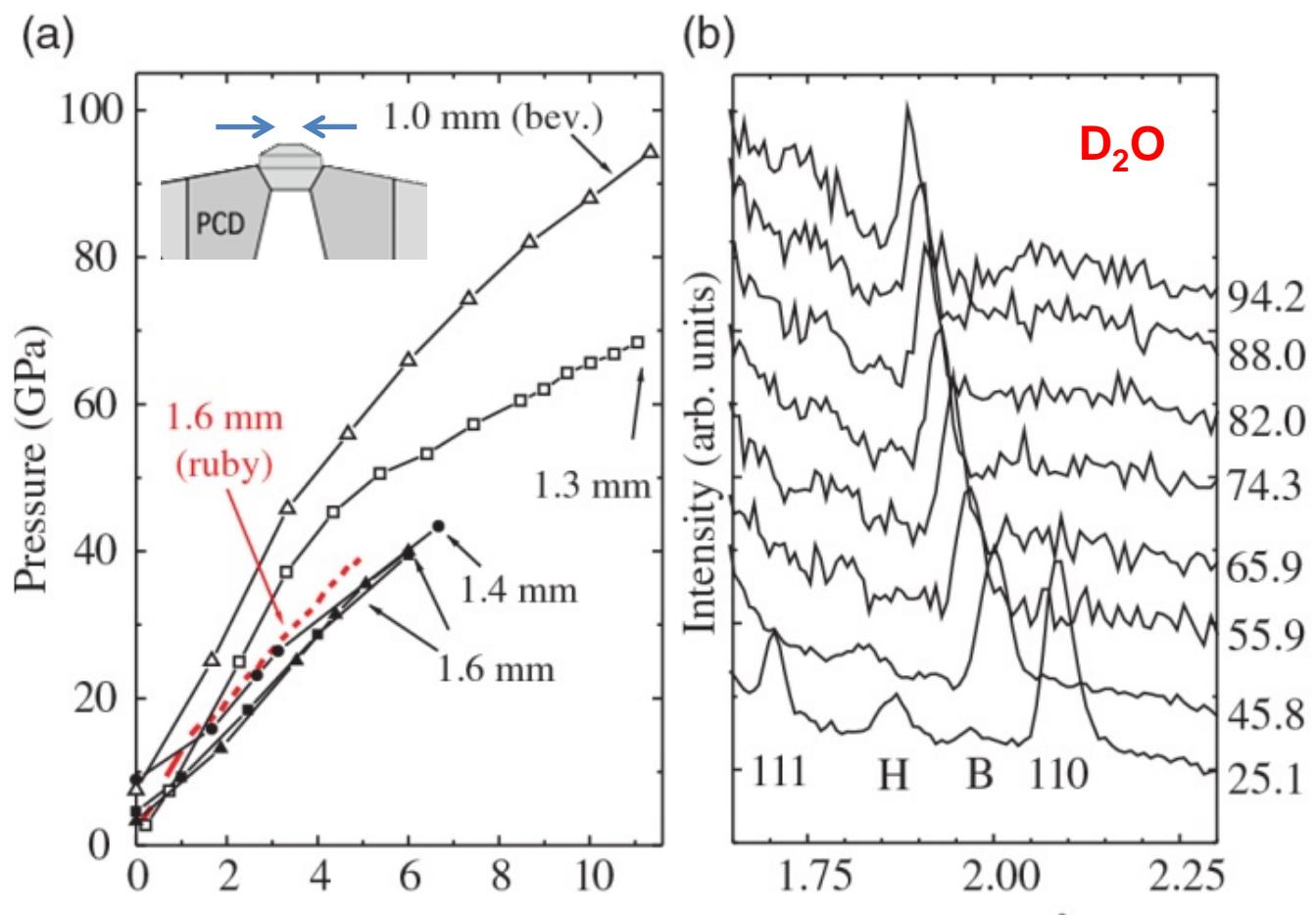
Ultrahigh-pressure phases of H₂O: theoretical predictions



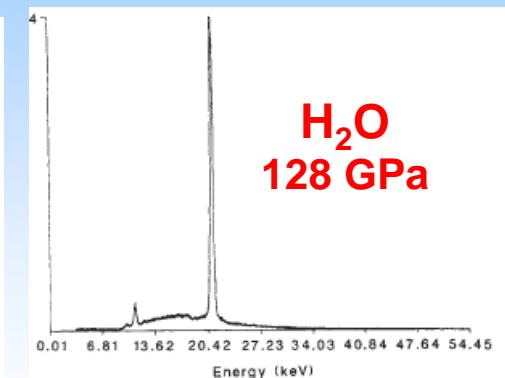
[Militzer et al. *Phys. Rev. Lett.* (2010);
see also Caracas, *ibid.* (2008); Hermann
et al., *PNAS* (2012)]



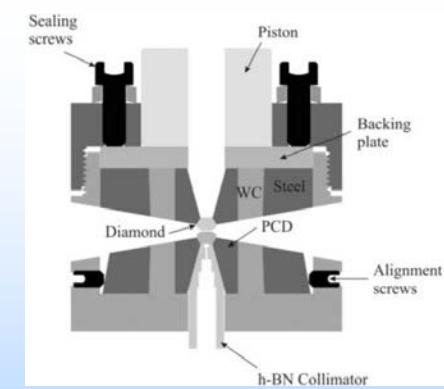
Neutron diffraction at megabar pressures



X-ray H₂O



[Hemley et al., *Nature* (1987)]

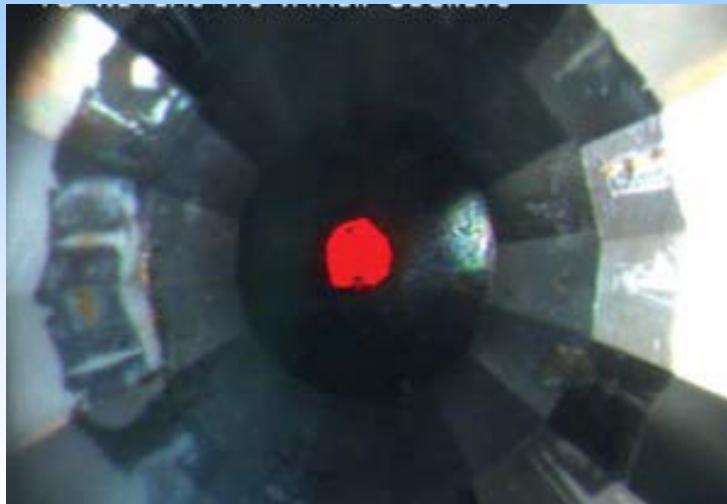


Increase sample volume by x100 at 100 GPa
(10⁻⁴ mm³ to ~2 x 10⁻² mm³)

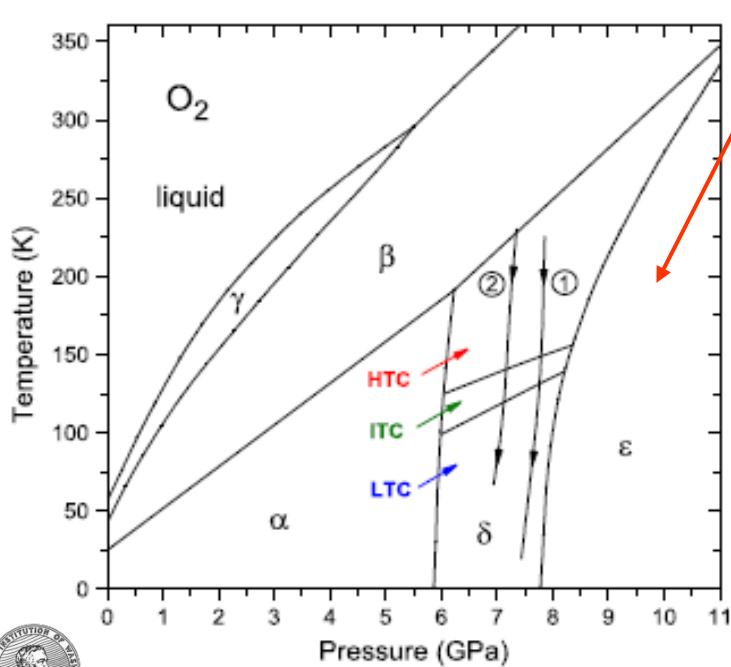
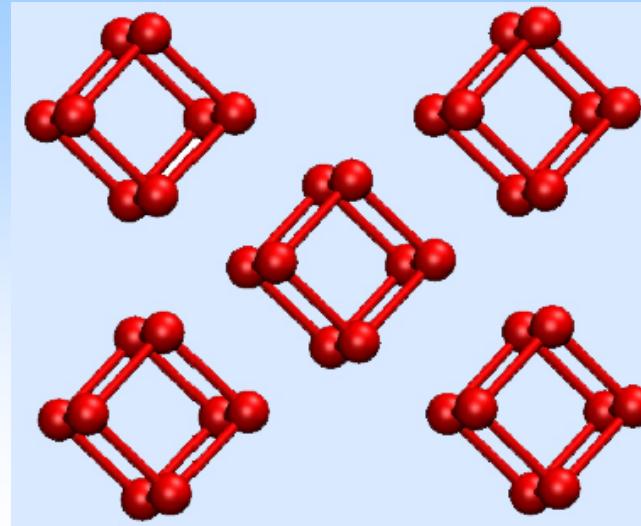
[Boehler et al., *High Pressure Res.* (2013)]



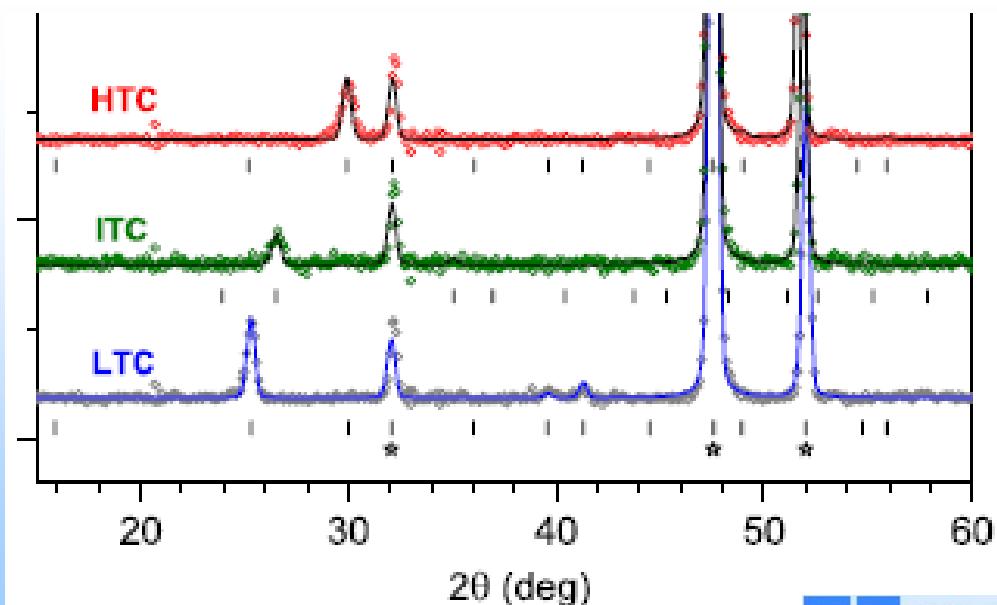
Oxygen under pressure



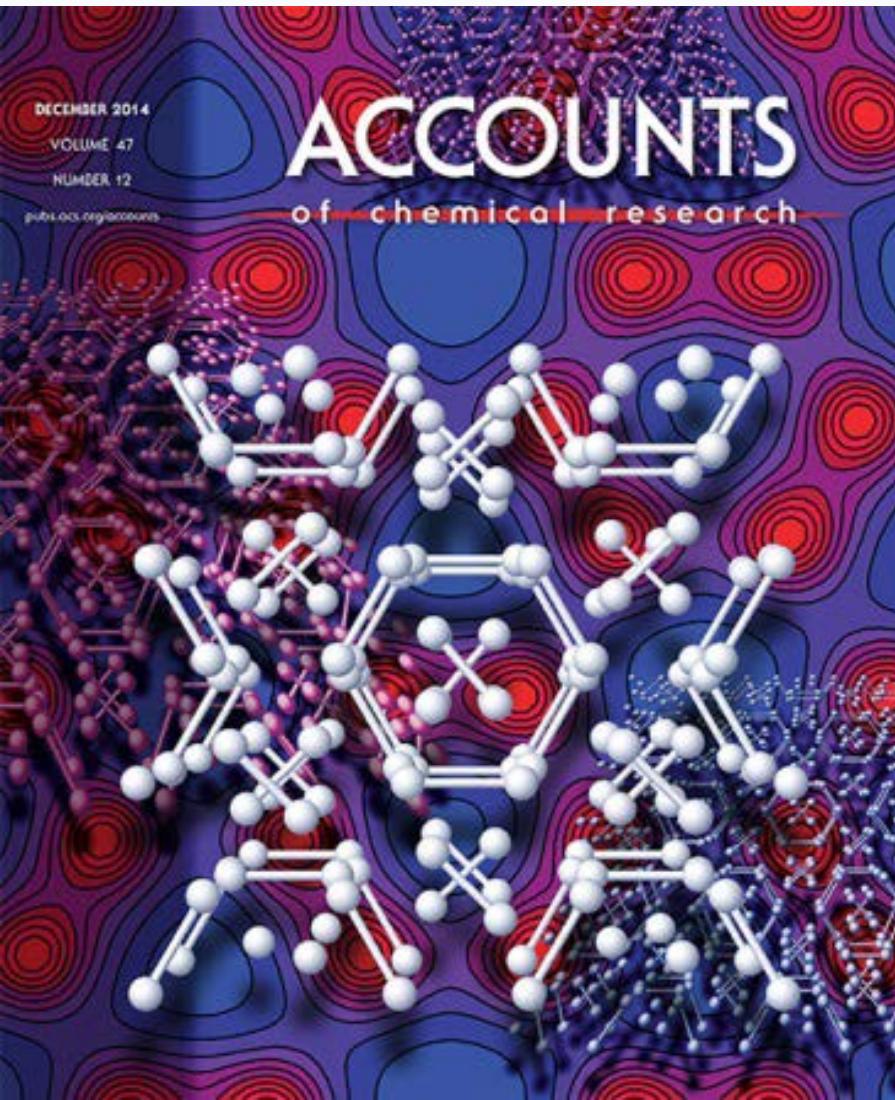
ε -oxygen: $(O_2)_4$ clusters (>8 GPa)



Neutron scattering shows magnetic collapse



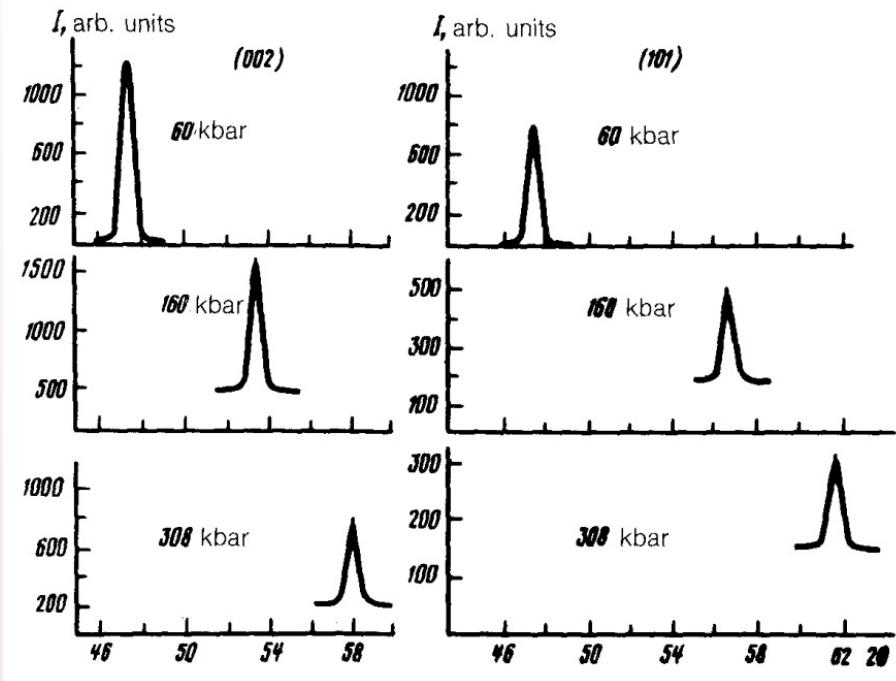
Hydrogen under pressure



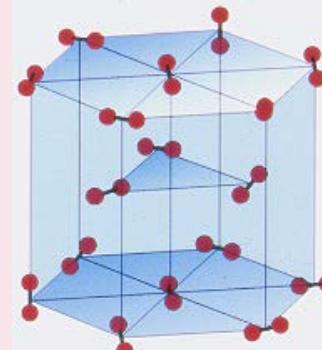
**'Graphenic' hydrogen at 230 GPa
(phase IV)**

[Naumov & Hemley, *Accts. Chem. Res.* (2014)]

**Neutron diffraction of D_2
to 30 GPa (phase I)**

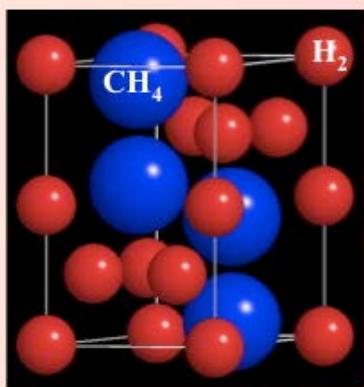


[Glazkov et al., *JETP Lett.* (1988)]



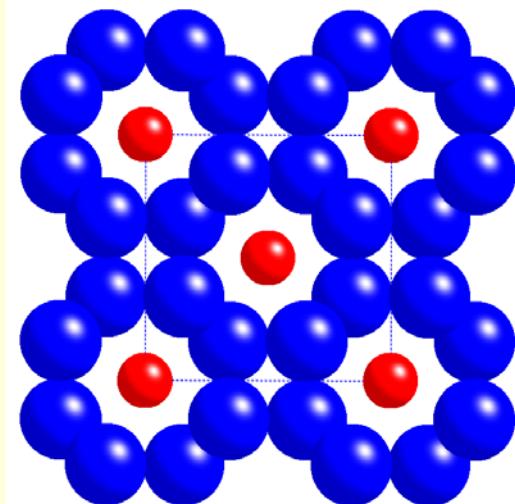
*Rotational
disordered hcp*

Novel Dense Molecular Compounds



$\text{CH}_4(\text{H}_2)_4$
33.4 wt% H_2

[Somayazulu et al., *Science* (1996);
W. Mao et al. *Chem. Phys. Lett.* (2005)]

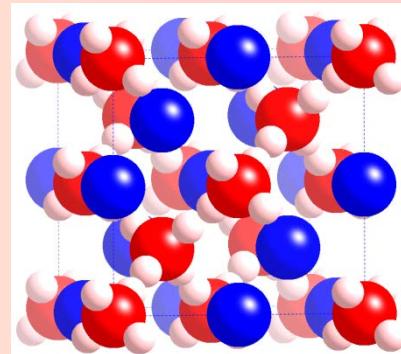


$(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2\text{H}_2$
 α -quartz-type

[Strobel et al.,
J. Phys. Chem.
(2011)]

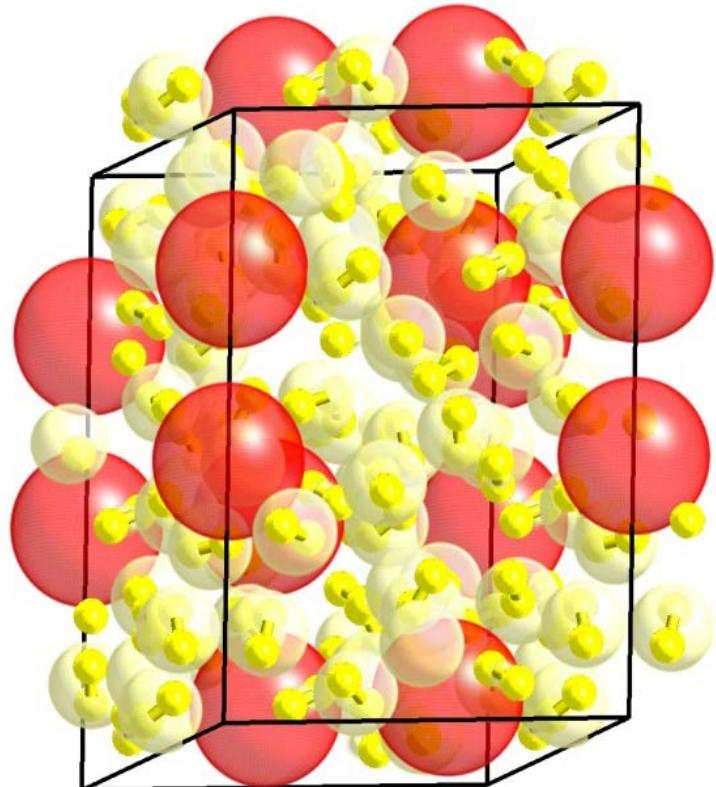
$(\text{H}_2\text{S})_2\text{H}_2$
 Al_2Cu type

[Strobel et al.,
Phys. Rev. Lett.
(2010)]



$\text{H}_2\text{O}-\text{H}_2$
11.3 wt% H_2

[Vos et al., *Phys. Rev. Lett.* (1993)]

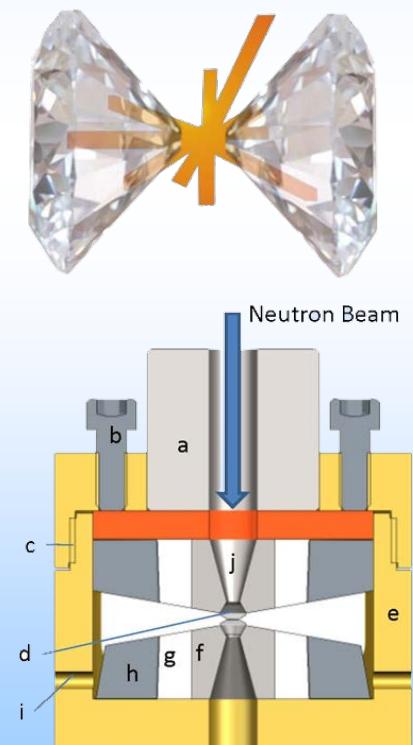
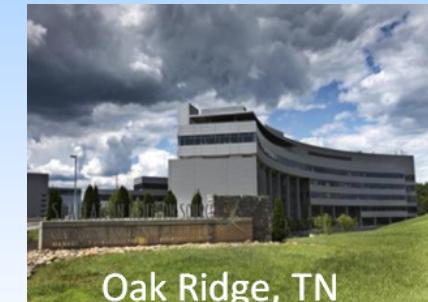
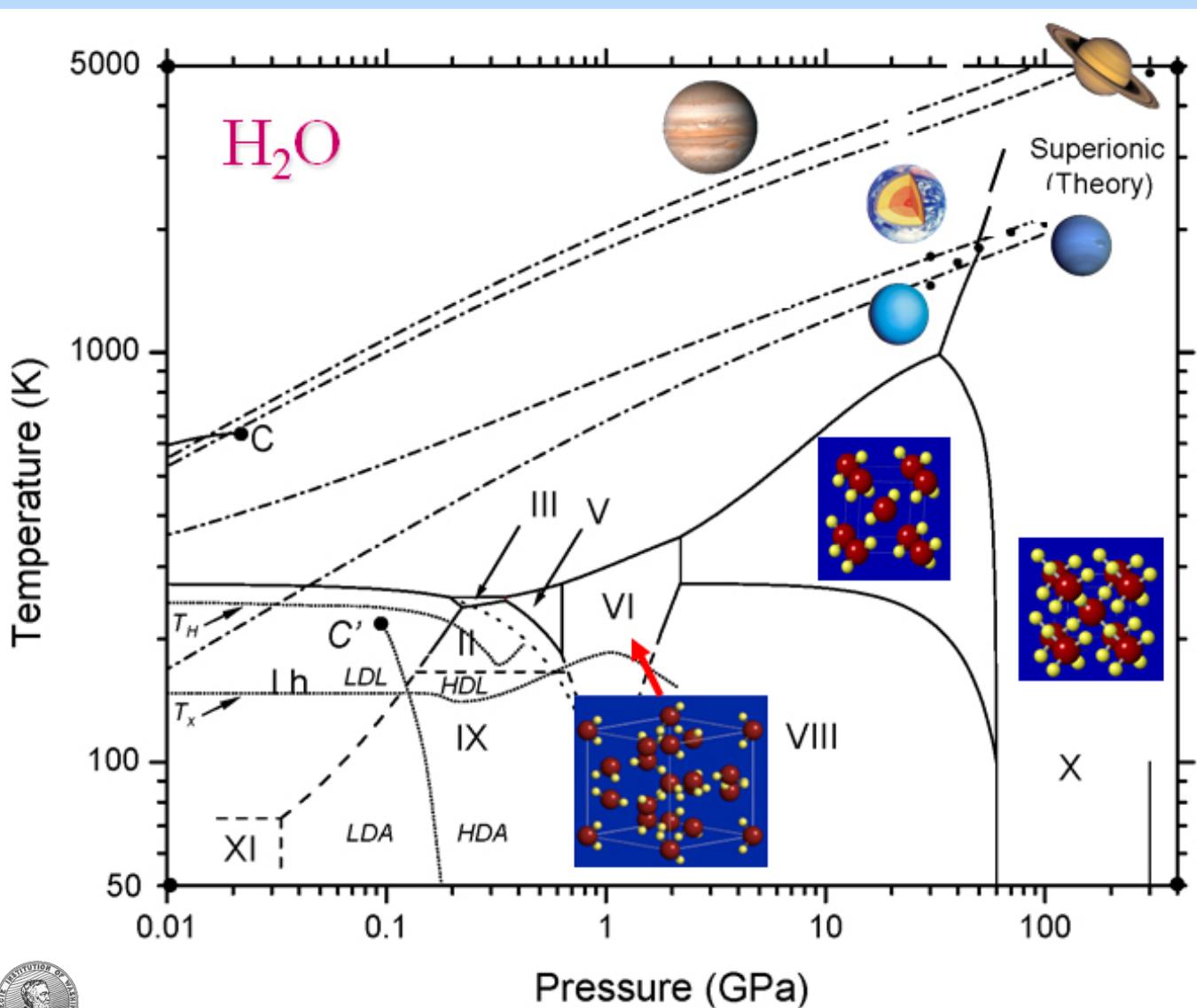


Higher pressure: Superconductor: $T_c = 190 \text{ K} (!)$
[Eremets et al., *to be published*]

$\text{Xe}(\text{H}_2)_7$
Insulating to $>255 \text{ GPa}$
[Somayazulu et al., *Nature Chem.* (2009)]



A bright future for studies of the behavior of water under extreme conditions



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ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Collaborators

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A. Hermann (Cornell)

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